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Olin Corporation (OCAP) encourages and expects you to read and understand the entire (M)SDS, as there is important information throughout the document. We expect you to follow the precautions identified in this document unless your use conditions would necessitate other appropriate methods or actions.

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Chlorine

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company name of supplier : Olin Corporation (OCAP)

Address : 190 Carondelet Plaza, Suite 1530

Clayton MO 63105

Telephone : (423) 336-4850 E-mail address : INFO@OLIN.COM Local Emergency Contact : 1-800-424-9300

Identified uses : Water treatment chemicals

Pharmaceutical intermediate.

Pharmaceuticals. Synthesis intermediate.

Disinfectants

Industrial biocidal product
Manufacture of plastics products

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200

Oxidizing gases : Category 1

Gases under pressure : Liquefied gas

Acute toxicity (Inhalation) : Category 2

Skin irritation : Category 2

Eye irritation : Category 2A

Specific target organ toxicity

- single exposure

Category 3 (Respiratory system)

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :









Signal Word : Danger

Hazard Statements : May cause or intensify fire; oxidizer.

Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.





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Causes skin irritation.

Causes serious eye irritation.

Fatal if inhaled.

May cause respiratory irritation.

Precautionary Statements

Prevention:

P220 Keep/Store away from clothing/ combustible materials. P260 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapors/ spray.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ eye protection/ face protection. P284 In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protec-

tion.

Avoid contact with: Organic compounds.

Response:

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. P304 + P340 + P310 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention

P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention

P362 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. P370 + P376 In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so.

Storage:

P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards

Water Reactive

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Substance Substance name : Chlorine

CAS-No. : 7782-50-5

Synonyms : Chlorine

Components





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Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Chlorine	7782-50-5	> 98 - < 100

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

If inhaled Move person to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial

> respiration; if by mouth to mouth use rescuer protection (pocket mask, etc). If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Call a physician or

transport to a medical facility.

In case of skin contact Immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15

minutes while removing contaminated clothing. Seek medical

attention if symptoms occur or irritation persists. Wash

clothing before reuse.

Suitable emergency safety shower facility should be

immediately available.

In case of eye contact - Wash eyes with plenty of water for 15 minutes at least. Do

not forget to remove contact lenses.

Suitable emergency eye wash facility should be immediately

available.

If swallowed No emergency medical treatment necessary.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

delaved

Protection of first-aiders

Aside from the information found under Description of first aid

measures(above)any additional important symptoms and effects are described in Section 11: Toxicology Information.

First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection and use the recommended protective clothing (chemical re-

sistant gloves, splash protection).

If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific

personal protective equipment.

Maintain adequate ventilation and oxygenation of the patient. Notes to physician

> Chemical eve burns may require extended irrigation. Obtain prompt consultation, preferably from an ophthalmologist. Material may cause severe pulmonary edema. For persons receiving significant exposure to this material, consider chest x-ray and keep under observation for 48 - 72 hr. for delayed

onset of pulmonary edema.

Humidified oxygen, intermittent positive pressure breathing, assisted respiration/CPAP and steroid therapy should be considered in treatment. Physical exertion may potentiate

exposure effects during the first 24 - 72 hours.

May cause asthma-like (reactive airways) symptoms.

Bronchodilators, expectorants, antitussives and

corticosteroids may be of help.

Respiratory symptoms, including pulmonary edema, may be delayed. Persons receiving significant exposure should be observed 24-48 hours for signs of respiratory distress. If burn is present, treat as any thermal burn, after

decontamination.

No specific antidote.

Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of

symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.

Excessive exposure may aggravate preexisting asthma and other respiratory disorders (e.g. emphysema, bronchitis,

reactive airways dysfunction syndrome).





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SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Stop flow of oxidizer (ex. chlorine, oxygen, etc). Once oxidizer Suitable extinguishing media:

has been consumed, use suitable extinguishing agent for

material that is burning.

Unsuitable extinguishing

Specific hazards during fire

fighting

Water spray

Container may vent and/or rupture due to fire.

This material is a gaseous oxidizer.

Product may cause many materials to burn in the absence of

oxygen. It may intensify the fire.

Chlorine may react to cause a fire and/or explosion upon contact with many organic compounds, ammonia, hydrogen, and many metals at normal temperatures, and with steel at

elevated temperatures.

Vapors are heavier than air and may travel a long distance and accumulate in low lying areas. Ignition and/or flash back

may occur.

Hazardous combustion prod: :

ucts

During a fire, smoke may contain the original material in addition to combustion products of varying composition which

may be toxic and/or irritating.

Combustion products may include and are not limited to:

Chlorine.

Hydrogen chloride.

Further information

Keep people away. Isolate fire and deny unnecessary entry. Stay upwind. Keep out of low areas where gases (fumes) can

accumulate.

Use water spray to cool fire exposed containers and fire affected zone until fire is out and danger of reignition has

Water is effective only as a cooling media to reduce the reaction rate and should not be applied directly to a chlorine

leak.

Immediately withdraw all personnel from the area in case of rising sound from venting safety device or discoloration of the

Move container from fire area if this is possible without

hazard.

container.

For spills of liquefied gas, apply appropriate foam or vapor

suppressing agent.

Warning! Contact of water with liquefied gas can result in

boiling, frothing, and rapid generation of vapor.

Contain fire water run-off if possible. Fire water run-off, if not

contained, may cause environmental damage.

Review the 'Accidental Release Measures' and the 'Ecological

Information' sections of this (M)SDS.

Special protective equipment:

for fire-fighters

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective fire fighting clothing (includes fire

fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots, and gloves).

Avoid contact with this material during fire fighting operations. If contact is likely, change to full chemical resistant fire fighting clothing with self-contained breathing apparatus. If this is not

available, wear full chemical resistant clothing with self-





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contained breathing apparatus and fight fire from a remote

location.

For protective equipment in post-fire or non-fire clean-up

situations, refer to the relevant sections.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protec-:

tive equipment and emer-

gency procedures

Evacuate area.

Refer to section 7, Handling, for additional precautionary

measures.

Only trained and properly protected personnel must be

involved in clean-up operations. Keep personnel out of low areas.

Keep upwind of spill.

Ventilate area of leak or spill.

Spills of this liquefied gas may form ice, which can plug drains and can make valves inoperable. Contact of water with liquefied gas can result in boiling, frothing, and rapid

generation of vapor.

Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

Environmental precautions : Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, waterways

and/or groundwater. See Section 12, Ecological Information. Spills or discharge to natural waterways is likely to kill aquatic

organisms.

Methods and materials for

containment and cleaning up

Isolate area until gas has dispersed.

Stop flow of gas.

Apply vapor suppression foams until spill can be cleaned up. See Section 13, Disposal Considerations, for additional

information.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Advice on safe handling : Do not breathe vapor.

Do not get in eyes, on skin, on clothing.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Keep container closed.
Use with adequate ventilation.

Contents under pressure. Do not puncture or incinerate

container.

See Section 8, EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL

PROTECTION.

Conditions for safe storage : Avoid moisture.

Avoid contact with: Organic compounds.

Recommended storage tem: :

perature

572 °F / 300 °C

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type	Control parame-	Basis





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		(Form of exposure)	ters / Permissible concentration	
Chlorine	7782-50-5	TWA	0.5 ppm	OLIN OEL
		STEL	1 ppm	OLIN OEL
		TWA	0.1 ppm	ACGIH
		STEL	0.4 ppm	ACGIH
		STEL	1 ppm 3 mg/m3	OSHA P0
		TWA	0.5 ppm 1.5 mg/m3	OSHA P0
		С	1 ppm 3 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1

Engineering measures

Use engineering controls to maintain airborne level below

exposure limit requirements or guidelines.

If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, use only in enclosed systems or with local

exhaust ventilation.

Exhaust systems should be designed to move the air away from the source of vapor/aerosol generation and people

working at this point.

Lethal concentrations may exist in areas with poor ventilation.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a potential to exceed the exposure limit requirements or

guidelines.

If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or

guidelines, use an approved respirator.

When respiratory protection is required, use an approved positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus or positive-pressure airline with auxiliary self-contained air

supply.

For emergency conditions, use an approved positive-

pressure self-contained breathing apparatus.

In confined or poorly ventilated areas, use an approved selfcontained breathing apparatus or positive pressure air line

with auxiliary self-contained air supply.

Hand protection

Remarks

: Use gloves chemically resistant to this material. Use an insulated glove for protection from liquid contact of the skin that may cause frostbite due to rapid cooling. Examples of preferred glove barrier materials include: Chlorinated polyethylene. Natural rubber ('latex'). Neoprene.

Polyethylene. Ethyl vinyl alcohol laminate ('EVAL'). Polyvinyl chloride ('PVC' or 'vinyl'). Styrene/butadiene rubber. Viton. Examples of acceptable glove barrier materials include: Butyl rubber. Nitrile/butadiene rubber ('nitrile' or 'NBR'). NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited

to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as





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well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove

supplier.

Eye protection : Use chemical goggles.

If exposure causes eye discomfort, use a full-face respirator.

Skin and body protection : Use protective clothing chemically resistant to this material.

Selection of specific items such as face shield, boots, apron,

or full body suit will depend on the task.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : Liquefied gas

Color : yellow

Odor : Sharp

pH : No test data available

Melting point/range : Not applicable

Freezing point -150 °F / -101 °C

Method: Literature

Boiling point/boiling range : -29.27 °F / -34.04 °C

Method: Literature

Flash point : Method: open cup

Not applicable Method: closed cup Not applicable

Evaporation rate : No test data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

Not applicable

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

Not applicable

Vapor pressure : 4,800 mmHg (68 °F / 20 °C)

Method: Literature

Relative vapor density : $2.49 (32 \, ^{\circ}\text{F} / 0 \, ^{\circ}\text{C})$

Method: Literature

Relative density : $1.47 (32 \,^{\circ}\text{F} / 0 \,^{\circ}\text{C})$

Method: Literature

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

No data available.

Autoignition temperature : No test data available

Decomposition temperature : No test data available

Viscosity





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No test data available Viscosity, kinematic

Explosive properties Not explosive

May cause or intensify fire; oxidizer. Oxidizing properties

Molecular weight 70.9 g/mol

Method: Literature

Note: These are the Reference Points for these Physical Properties listed above, unless otherwise noted in their respective Physical Property value information: Boiling Point at 760 mmHg; Evaporation

Rate Butyl Acetate = 1; Relative Vapor Density Air = 1; and Relative Density Water = 1.

NOTE: The physical data presented above are typical values and should not be construed as a

specification.

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical stability

Possibility of hazardous reac-

Conditions to avoid

tions

Polymerization will not occur.

Avoid moisture.

Contact with combustible material may cause fire. Incompatible materials

May react explosively with some organics under confinement.

Avoid proximity to chemicals and flammable materials.

Avoid contact with:

Ammonia. Acetylene.

Combustible materials.

Hydrogen.

Organic compounds. Phosphorous compounds.

Reducing agents. Corrosive when wet.

Water contamination may cause corrosion of metals due to

formation of hydrochloric acid. Avoid contact with metals such as: Moist or hot steel or their alloys.

Most metals.

Finely divided metals.

Hazardous decomposition

products

Chlorine.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity

Components:

Chlorine:

Acute oral toxicity Remarks: Single dose oral LD50 has not been determined.

Remarks: Brief exposure (minutes) to easily attainable con-Acute inhalation toxicity

> centrations may cause serious adverse effects, even death. Vapor may cause severe irritation of the upper respiratory





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tract (nose and throat).

May cause severe pulmonary edema (fluid in the lungs).

Excessive exposure may cause lung injury.

In humans, symptoms may include:

Dizziness.

Shortness of breath.

Headache. Fever. Drowsiness.

LC50 (Rat, male and female): 1.321 mg/l

Exposure time: 1 h
Test atmosphere: vapor

Acute dermal toxicity : Remarks: The dermal LD50 has not been determined.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Components:

Chlorine:

Result : Skin irritation

Remarks : Brief contact may cause skin burns. Symptoms may include

pain, severe local redness and tissue damage. Liquid may cause frostbite upon skin contact.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Components:

Chlorine:

Result : Eye irritation

Remarks : May cause severe irritation with corneal injury which may re-

sult in permanent impairment of vision, even blindness. Chem-

ical burns may occur.

Vapor may cause severe eye irritation and corneal injury.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Components:

Chlorine:

Assessment : Does not cause skin sensitization.

Remarks : Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea

pigs.

Assessment : Does not cause respiratory sensitization.

Remarks : No signs of respiratory sensitization have been reported.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

Animal testing did not show any mutagenic effects.





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Components:

Chlorine:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Remarks: Has been shown to have mutagenic activity in bac-

teria.

Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

Animal testing did not show any mutagenic effects.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

Animal testing did not show any carcinogenic effects.

Components:

Chlorine:

Remarks : Did not cause cancer in laboratory animals.

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

Animal testing did not show any carcinogenic effects.

ment

IARC No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is

identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

OSHA No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is

on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.

NTP No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is

identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

Reproductive toxicity

Product:

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

No toxicity to reproduction No effects on or via lactation

Components:

Chlorine:

Effects on fertility : Remarks: In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduc-

tion.

Effects on fetal development : Remarks: Limited data suggests that chlorine is not teratogen-

ic but may be slightly embryotoxic when administered at high

doses in drinking water to pregnant rats.

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

No toxicity to reproduction
 No effects on or via lactation





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STOT-single exposure

Components:

Chlorine:

Routes of exposure : Inhalation

Target Organs : Respiratory Tract

Assessment : May cause respiratory irritation.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Chlorine:

Remarks : In humans, symptoms may include:

Respiratory effects.

In animals, effects have been reported on the following

organs: Kidney. Liver. Lung.

Observations in animals include: Can cause erosion of the teeth.

Aspiration toxicity

Components:

Chlorine:

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Chlorine:

Toxicity to fish : Remarks: Material is very highly toxic to aquatic organisms on

an acute basis (LC50/EC50 < 0.1 mg/L in the most sensitive

species).

LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.060 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Test Type: flow-through test

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.141 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Test Type: flow-through test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 or Equivalent

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

NOEC (Algae): 0.0021 mg/l

Exposure time: 7 d





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Test Type: flow-through test

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox- :

icity)

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

NOEC (Fish): 0.04 mg/l

100

100

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Chlorine:

Biodegradability Remarks: Biodegradation is not applicable.

ThOD 0.23 mg/mg

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Chlorine:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Remarks: Partitioning from water to n-octanol is not applica-

Mobility in soil

Components:

Chlorine:

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

Remarks: Mobility of chlorine in soil is assumed to be of little relevance as chlorine in an aqueous solution reacts with

organic matter.

Other adverse effects

Components:

Chlorine:

Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

A PBT, vPvB assessment is not required for this substance as it is considered to be used as an intermediate under strictly

controlled conditions.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues AS YOUR SUPPLIER, WE HAVE NO CONTROL OVER THE

> MANAGEMENT PRACTICES OR MANUFACTURING PROCESSES OF PARTIES HANDLING OR USING THIS

MATERIAL.

THE INFORMATION PRESENTED HERE PERTAINS ONLY

TO THE PRODUCT AS SHIPPED IN ITS INTENDED





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CONDITION AS DESCRIBED IN MSDS SECTION:

Composition Information.

All disposal practices must be in compliance with all Federal.

State/Provincial and local laws and regulations. Regulations may vary in different locations.

Waste characterizations and compliance with applicable laws

are the responsibility solely of the waste generator.

DO NOT DUMP INTO ANY SEWERS, ON THE GROUND,

OR INTO ANY BODY OF WATER.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG

UN number UN 1017 Proper shipping name **CHLORINE**

Class 2.3 Subsidiary risk 5.1, 8

Packing group Not assigned by regulation

2.3 (5.1, 8) Labels

IATA-DGR

Not permitted for transport

IMDG-Code

UN number UN 1017 Proper shipping name **CHLORINE** (Chlorine)

Class 2.3 Subsidiary risk 5.1.8

Packing group Not assigned by regulation

2.3 (5.1, 8) Labels EmS Code F-C, S-U Marine pollutant

Remarks Stowage category DToxic-Inhalation Hazard, Zone B

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

49 CFR

UN/ID/NA number **UN 1017** Proper shipping name Chlorine Class 2.3 5.1.8 Subsidiary risk

Not assigned by regulation Packing group

POISON GAS, OXIDIZER, CORROSIVE Labels

ERG Code 124

Marine pollutant yes(Chlorine)

Toxic-Inhalation Hazard, Zone BTerrapure Env#+1800-567-Remarks

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data





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Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know

SARA 311/312 Hazards : Gases under pressure

Oxidizer (liquid, solid or gas)

Acute toxicity (any route of exposure)

Skin corrosion or irritation

Serious eye damage or eye irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

SARA 313 : The following components are subject to reporting levels

established by SARA Title III, Section 313:

Chlorine 7782-50-5 > 98 - < 100 %

US State Regulations

Pennsylvania Right To Know

Chlorine 7782-50-5

California Prop. 65

This product contains no listed substances known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm, at levels which would require a warning under the statute.

International Regulations

Montreal Protocol (Ozone Depleting Substances) : Not applicable

Rotterdam Convention (Prior Informed Consent) : Not applicable

Stockholm Convention (Persistent Organic Pollutants) : Not applicable

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

CH INV : All intentional components are listed on the inventory, are

exempt, or are supplier certified.

DSL : All substances contained in this product are listed on the

Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL) or are not required

to be listed.

AICS : All intentional components are listed on the inventory, are

exempt, or are supplier certified.

NZIoC : All intentional components are listed on the inventory, are

exempt, or are supplier certified.

ENCS : All intentional components are listed on the inventory, are

exempt, or are supplier certified.

ISHL : All intentional components are listed on the inventory, are

exempt, or are supplier certified.

KECI : All intentional components are listed on the inventory, are

exempt, or are supplier certified.

PICCS : All intentional components are listed on the inventory, are

exempt, or are supplier certified.

IECSC : All intentional components are listed on the inventory, are





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exempt, or are supplier certified.

TCSI : All intentional components are listed on the inventory, are

exempt, or are supplier certified.

TSCA : All substances listed as active on the TSCA Inventory or are

not required to be listed.

TSCA list

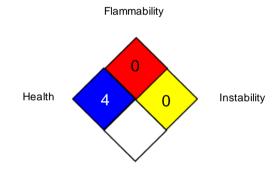
No substances are subject to a Significant New Use Rule.

No substances are subject to TSCA 12(b) export notification requirements.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

NFPA 704:



Special hazard

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

OSHA P0 : USA. OSHA - TABLE Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants -

1910.1000

OSHA Z-1 : USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Lim-

its for Air Contaminants

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average ACGIH / STEL : Short-term exposure limit OSHA P0 / TWA : 8-hour time weighted average OSHA P0 / STEL : Short-term exposure limit

OSHA Z-1 / C : Ceiling

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule;





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ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide: GHS - Globally Harmonized Svstem: GLP - Good Laboratory Practice: HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System: IARC -International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization: IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods: IMO - International Maritime Organization: ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose): MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RQ - Reportable Quantity; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG -United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Verv Bioaccumulative

Revision Date : 04-06-2021

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