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Olin Corporation (OCAP) encourages and expects you to read and understand the entire (M)SDS, as there is important information throughout the document. We expect you to follow the precautions identified in this document unless your use conditions would necessitate other appropriate methods or actions.

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Sodium Hypochlorite, 17-30%

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company name of supplier : Olin Corporation (OCAP)

Address : 190 Carondelet Plaza, Suite 1530

Clayton MO 63105

Telephone : (423) 336-4850
E-mail address : INFO@OLIN.COM
Local Emergency Contact : 1-800-424-9300
Identified uses : Disinfectant.

Paper bleaching agent Water treatment chemicals

Biocidal product

Bleaching agents, Activators and Stabilizers

Textile bleaching agent

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200

Corrosive to Metals : Category 1

Skin corrosion : Category 1B

Serious eye damage : Category 1

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :

Signal Word : Danger

Hazard Statements : May be corrosive to metals.

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Precautionary Statements : Prevention:

P234 Keep only in original container. P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/

face protection.

Response:





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P301 + P330 + P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT

induce vomiting.

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P304 + P340 + P310 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON

CENTER/ doctor.

P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON

CENTER/ doctor.

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. P390 Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.

Storage:

P405 Store locked up.

P406 Store in corrosive resistant container with a resistant inner

liner.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards

None known.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Substance

Substance name : Sodium hypochloride

CAS-No. : 7681-52-9

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Water	7732-18-5	>= 65.5 - <= 82.9
Sodium hypochlorite	7681-52-9	>= 17 - <= 30
Sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	>= 0.1 - <= 4.5

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

If inhaled : Move person to fresh air; if effects occur, consult a physician.

In case of skin contact : Immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15

minutes while removing contaminated clothing. Seek medical attention if symptoms occur or irritation persists. Wash

clothing before reuse.

Suitable emergency safety shower facility should be

immediately available.

In case of eye contact : - Wash eyes with plenty of water for 15 minutes at least. Do

not forget to remove contact lenses.

Suitable emergency eye wash facility should be immediately

available.

If swallowed : Do not induce vomiting. Give one cup (8 ounces or 240 ml) of





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water or milk if available and transport to a medical facility. Do

not give anything by mouth unless the person is fully

conscious.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

delayed

Protection of first-aiders

Aside from the information found under Description of first aid measures (above) any additional important symptoms and effects are described in Section 11: Toxicology Information.

First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection and use the recommended protective clothing (chemical re-

sistant gloves, splash protection).

If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific

personal protective equipment.

Notes to physician : May cause asthma-like (reactive airways) symptoms.

Bronchodilators, expectorants, antitussives and

corticosteroids may be of help.

Maintain adequate ventilation and oxygenation of the patient. Chemical eye burns may require extended irrigation. Obtain prompt consultation, preferably from an ophthalmologist. If burn is present, treat as any thermal burn, after

decontamination.

Due to irritant properties, swallowing may result in

burns/ulceration of mouth, stomach and lower gastrointestinal tract with subsequent stricture. Aspiration of vomitus may cause lung injury. Suggest endotracheal/esophageal control if

lavage is done. No specific antidote.

Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of

symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.

Repeated excessive exposure may aggravate preexisting lung

disease.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : In case of fire, use water fog, foam, dry powder, carbon

dioxide.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do NOT use water jet.

May spread fire.

Dry chemical extinguishing agents may react with product;

use with caution.

Hazardous combustion prod: :

ucts

During a fire, smoke may contain the original material in

addition to combustion products of varying composition which

may be toxic and/or irritating.

Further information : For safety reasons in case of fire, containers should be stored

separately in closed containments.

Do not breathe fumes.

Special protective equipment:

for fire-fighters

Wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing

apparatus.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emer-

gency procedures

Evacuate area.

Only trained and properly protected personnel must be

involved in clean-up operations. Wear suitable protective equipment.

Avoid breathing vapor.





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Avoid all contact.

Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

Ventilate area of leak or spill. Wear suitable protective clothing.

Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, waterways Environmental precautions

and/or groundwater. See Section 12, Ecological Information.

Do not discharge directly to a water source.

See Section 13, Disposal Considerations, for additional

information.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up Contain spilled material if possible.

Small spills:

Large spills:

Absorb with materials such as:

Vermiculite.

Cover with absorbent or contain. Collect and dispose. Dike and transfer to suitable and properly labeled containers. This material is corrosive. See SECTION 8, Exposure

Controls/Personal Protection, prior to handling.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Advice on safe handling Keep container closed.

> Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wear personal protective equipment.

Use with adequate ventilation.

Use good general industrial hygiene practices for handling.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Protect from direct exposure to sunlight.

Keep container tightly closed. Conditions for safe storage

Store away from incompatible materials. See STABILITY AND

REACTIVITY section.

Store under cover in a dry, clean, cool, well ventilated place

away from sunlight.

Store away from oxidizing materials. Store in original vented container.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type	Control parame-	Basis	
		(Form of	ters / Permissible		
		exposure)	concentration		
Sodium hypochlorite	7681-52-9	STEL	2 mg/m3	US WEEL	
Sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	С	2 mg/m3	ACGIH	
		С	2 mg/m3	OSHA P0	
		TWA	2 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1	

Engineering measures

Use local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit





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requirements or guidelines, general ventilation should be

sufficient for most operations.

Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some

operations.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a

potential to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit

requirements or guidelines, wear respiratory protection when adverse effects, such as respiratory irritation or discomfort have been experienced, or where indicated by your risk

assessment process.

For most conditions no respiratory protection should be needed; however, if discomfort is experienced, use an

approved air-purifying respirator.

Filter type : The following should be effective types of air-purifying

respirators: Particulate filter.

Hand protection

Remarks : Use gloves chemically resistant to this material. Examples of

preferred glove barrier materials include: Natural rubber ('latex'). Neoprene. Nitrile/butadiene rubber ('nitrile' or 'NBR'). Polyethylene. Ethyl vinyl alcohol laminate ('EVAL'). Polyvinyl chloride ('PVC' or 'vinyl'). Avoid gloves made of: Polyvinyl alcohol ('PVA'). NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications

provided by the glove supplier.

Eye protection : Use chemical goggles.

Skin and body protection : Use protective clothing chemically resistant to this material.

Selection of specific items such as face shield, boots, apron,

or full body suit will depend on the task.

Reports indicate that sodium hypochlorite can react with various fabrics usually increasing with concentration.

Reactions vary significantly depending on strength of chemical, material, fabric treatment and color of dyes. Fire resistant clothing treated cotton has a stronger response than plain cotton. Poly blend fabrics and meta aramid fabric have a weaker response than natural fibers. Contact the Personal Protective Equipment manufacturer for specific information

about their products.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : liquid

Color : yellow, green

Odor : pungent



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Odor Threshold : No data available

pH : 12 (77 °F / 25 °C)

Freezing point : -17.00 °F / -27.22 °C

Method: Measured

Melting point/range -17.00 °F / -27.22 °C

Method: Literature

Boiling point/boiling range : No data available

Flash point : Not applicable

Evaporation rate : No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not expected to form explosive dust-air mixtures.

Flammability (liquids) : Not expected to be a static-accumulating flammable liquid.

Self-ignition : The substance or mixture is not classified as pyrophoric.

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

Not applicable

Lower explosion limit / Lower :

flammability limit

Not applicable

Vapor pressure : 12 mmHg

Relative vapor density : Not available

Relative density : 1.187 - 1.333 (68 °F / 20 °C)

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : completely miscible

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

No data available

Autoignition temperature : Not applicable

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic : No data available

Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Explosive properties : Not applicable

Oxidizing properties : Not applicable

Molecular weight : 74.5 g/mol

Metal corrosion rate : Corrosive to metals





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Note: These are the Reference Points for these Physical Properties listed above, unless otherwise noted in their respective Physical Property value information: Boiling Point at 760 mmHg; Evaporation Rate Butyl Acetate = 1; Relative Vapor Density Air = 1; and Relative Density Water = 1.

NOTE: The physical data presented above are typical values and should not be construed as a specification.

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Possibility of hazardous reac- :

tions

Polymerization will not occur.

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Conditions to avoid : contact with incompatible materials

Avoid direct sunlight or ultraviolet sources.

Excessive heat.

contact between acids and chlorates, a component of this product mixture, can cause the generation of chlorine gas.

Hazardous decomposition

products

Oxygen

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity

Components:

Sodium hypochlorite:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 805 mg/kg

Method: Estimated.

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 10.5 mg/l

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 1,000 mg/kg

Sodium hydroxide:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 336 mg/kg

Method: Estimated.

Acute inhalation toxicity : Remarks: The LC50 has not been determined.

Acute dermal toxicity : Remarks: The dermal LD50 has not been determined.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Components:

Sodium hypochlorite:

Result : Causes burns.

Remarks : Brief contact may cause skin burns. Symptoms may include

pain, severe local redness and tissue damage.

Prolonged contact may cause severe skin burns. Symptoms





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may include pain, severe local redness, swelling, and tissue

damage.

Sodium hydroxide:

Result : Causes severe burns.

Remarks : Brief contact may cause severe skin burns. Symptoms may

include pain, severe local redness and tissue damage.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Components:

Sodium hypochlorite:

Result : Corrosive

Remarks : May cause severe irritation with corneal injury which may re-

sult in permanent impairment of vision, even blindness. Chem-

ical burns may occur.

Sodium hydroxide:

Result : Corrosive

Remarks : May cause severe irritation with corneal injury which may re-

sult in permanent impairment of vision, even blindness. Chem-

ical burns may occur. Dust may irritate eyes.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Components:

Sodium hypochlorite:

Assessment : Does not cause skin sensitization.

Remarks : Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea

pigs.

Remarks : For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

Sodium hydroxide:

Assessment : Does not cause skin sensitization.

Remarks : Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in humans.

Remarks : For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Components:

Sodium hypochlorite:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Remarks: In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative in

some cases and positive in other cases.

Animal genetic toxicity studies were predominantly negative.



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Sodium hydroxide:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Remarks: In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative.

Carcinogenicity

Components:

Sodium hypochlorite:

Remarks : Did not cause cancer in laboratory animals.

Sodium hydroxide:

Remarks : No relevant data found.

IARC No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is

identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

OSHANo component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is

on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.

NTP No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is

identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

Reproductive toxicity

Components:

Sodium hypochlorite:

Effects on fertility : Remarks: For similar material(s):

In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction. In animal studies, did not interfere with fertility.

Effects on fetal development : Remarks: Did not cause birth defects or any other fetal effects

in laboratory animals.

Sodium hydroxide:

Effects on fertility : Remarks: No relevant data found.

Effects on fetal development : Remarks: No relevant data found.

STOT-single exposure

Components:

Sodium hypochlorite:

Assessment : Material is corrosive. Material is not classified as a respiratory

irritant; however, upper respiratory tract irritation or corrosivity

may be expected.

Sodium hydroxide:

Assessment : Available data are inadequate to determine single exposure





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specific target organ toxicity.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Sodium hypochlorite:

Remarks : Repeated exposures to dusts of this material are not

anticipated to result in systemic toxicity or permanent lung injury; however, excessive exposures may cause less severe

respiratory effects.

Sodium hydroxide:

Remarks : Based on available data, repeated exposures are not

anticipated to cause additional significant adverse effects.

Aspiration toxicity

Components:

Sodium hypochlorite:

Aspiration into the lungs may occur during ingestion or vomiting, causing tissue damage or lung injury.

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Sodium hydroxide:

Aspiration into the lungs may occur during ingestion or vomiting, causing tissue damage or lung injury.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Sodium hypochlorite:

Toxicity to fish : Remarks: Material is very highly toxic to aquatic organisms on

an acute basis (LC50/EC50 < 0.1 mg/L in the most sensitive

species).

LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.22 - 0.62

mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: Method Not Specified.

Toxicity to daphnia and other:

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.035 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Test Type: flow-through test Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox- :

icity)

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-:

NOEC (Menidia peninsulae (tidewater silverside)): 0.04 mg/l



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icity) Exposure time: 28 d

Test Type: flow-through test Method: Other guidelines

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

: 1

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (activated sludge): 28.7 mg/l

Sodium hydroxide:

Toxicity to fish : Remarks: May increase pH of aquatic systems to > pH 10

which may be toxic to aquatic organisms.

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Sodium hypochlorite:

Biodegradability : Remarks: Biodegradability is not applicable to inorganic sub-

stances.

Sodium hydroxide:

Biodegradability : Remarks: Biodegradability is not applicable to inorganic sub-

stances.

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Sodium hypochlorite:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Remarks: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log

Pow < 3).

Partitioning from water to n-octanol is not applicable.

Sodium hydroxide:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Remarks: No bioconcentration is expected because of the

relatively high water solubility.

Mobility in soil

Components:

Sodium hypochlorite:

Distribution among environmental compartments Remarks: No relevant data found.

Sodium hydroxide:

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

Koc: 14

Method: Estimated.

Remarks: Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc

between 0 and 50).





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Other adverse effects

Components:

Sodium hypochlorite:

Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

This substance has not been assessed for persistence, bioac-

cumulation and toxicity (PBT).

Sodium hydroxide:

Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumu-

lating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be

very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : AS YOUR SUPPLIER, WE HAVE NO CONTROL OVER THE

MANAGEMENT PRACTICES OR MANUFACTURING PROCESSES OF PARTIES HANDLING OR USING THIS

MATERIAL.

THE INFORMATION PRESENTED HERE PERTAINS ONLY

TO THE PRODUCT AS SHIPPED IN ITS INTENDED CONDITION AS DESCRIBED IN MSDS SECTION:

Composition Information.

All disposal practices must be in compliance with all Federal,

State/Provincial and local laws and regulations. Regulations may vary in different locations.

Waste characterizations and compliance with applicable laws

are the responsibility solely of the waste generator.

DO NOT DUMP INTO ANY SEWERS. ON THE GROUND.

OR INTO ANY BODY OF WATER.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG

UN number : UN 1791

Proper shipping name : HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION

Class : 8
Packing group : II
Labels : 8

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No. : UN 1791

Proper shipping name : Hypochlorite solution

Class : 8 Packing group : II

Labels : Corrosive Packing instruction (cargo : 855

aircraft)

Packing instruction (passen: :

ger aircraft)

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IMDG-Code

UN number : UN 1791

Proper shipping name : HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION

(sodium hypochlorite)

Class : 8
Packing group : II
Labels : 8

EmS Code : F-A, S-B Marine pollutant : yes

Remarks : Stowage category BHypochlorites

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

49 CFR

UN/ID/NA number : UN 1791

Proper shipping name : Hypochlorite solutions

Class : 8 Packing group : II

Labels : CORROSIVE

ERG Code : 154

Marine pollutant : yes(sodium hypochlorite)

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards : Corrosive to Metals

Skin corrosion or irritation

Serious eye damage or eye irritation

SARA 313 : This material does not contain any chemical components with

known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

US State Regulations

Pennsylvania Right To Know

Sodium hypochlorite 7681-52-9 Sodium hydroxide 1310-73-2

California Prop. 65

This product does not contain any chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth, or any other reproductive defects.





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International Regulations

Montreal Protocol : Not applicable

Rotterdam Convention (Prior Informed Consent) : Not applicable

Stockholm Convention (Persistent Organic Pollutants) : Not applicable

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

TCSI : All intentional components are listed on the inventory, are

exempt, or are supplier certified.

TSCA : All substances listed as active on the TSCA Inventory or are

not required to be listed.

AICS : All intentional components are listed on the inventory, are

exempt, or are supplier certified.

DSL : All substances contained in this product are listed on the

Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL) or are not required

to be listed.

ENCS : All intentional components are listed on the inventory, are

exempt, or are supplier certified.

ISHL : All intentional components are listed on the inventory, are

exempt, or are supplier certified.

KECI : All intentional components are listed on the inventory, are

exempt, or are supplier certified.

PICCS : All intentional components are listed on the inventory, are

exempt, or are supplier certified.

IECSC : All intentional components are listed on the inventory, are

exempt, or are supplier certified.

NZIoC : All intentional components are listed on the inventory, are

exempt, or are supplier certified.

CH INV : All intentional components are listed on the inventory, are

exempt, or are supplier certified.

TSCA list

No substances are subject to a Significant New Use Rule.

No substances are subject to TSCA 12(b) export notification requirements.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

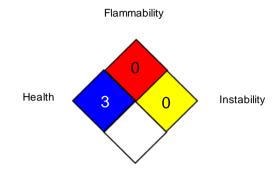


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NFPA 704:



Special hazard

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

OSHA PO : USA. OSHA - TABLE Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants -

1910.1000

OSHA Z-1 : USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Lim-

its for Air Contaminants

US WEEL : USA. Workplace Environmental Exposure Levels (WEEL)

ACGIH / C : Ceiling limit OSHA P0 / C : Ceiling limit

OSHA Z-1 / TWA : 8-hour time weighted average

US WEEL / STEL : Short-Term TWA

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance: ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System; IARC -International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose): MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic sub-





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stance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RQ - Reportable Quantity; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

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